



# ***Staphylococcus aureus*** ***subsp. aureus*** **bacteriophage 71**

**27697-B1™**

## **Description**

**Strain designation:** 71

**Deposited As:** 71

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## **Storage Conditions**

**Product format:** Frozen

**Storage conditions:** -80°C or colder

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## **Intended Use**

This product is intended for laboratory research use only. It is not intended for any animal or human therapeutic use, any human or animal consumption, or any diagnostic use.

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## **BSL 1**

ATCC determines the biosafety level of a material based on our risk assessment as guided by the current edition of *Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL)*, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. It is your responsibility to understand the hazards associated with the material per your organization's policies and procedures as well as any other applicable regulations as enforced by your local or national agencies.

ATCC highly recommends that appropriate personal protective equipment is always used when handling vials. For cultures that require storage in liquid nitrogen, it is important to note that some vials may leak when submersed in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vial exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris. Unless necessary, ATCC recommends that these cultures be stored in the vapor phase of liquid nitrogen rather than submersed in liquid nitrogen.

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## Certificate of Analysis

For batch-specific test results, refer to the applicable certificate of analysis that can be found at [www.atcc.org](http://www.atcc.org).

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## Growth Conditions

**Host:** *Staphylococcus aureus* subsp. *aureus* CDC 71 (ATCC 27697)

**Medium:**

ATCC Medium 1831: Nutrient Broth/Agar w/ 400ug/ml Calcium Chloride

**Temperature:** 37°C

**Atmosphere:** Aerobic

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## Handling Procedures

1. Follow instructions below for titrating or propagating phage.
2. The preferred method of propagation for this phage is broth culture, using *Staphylococcus aureus* subsp. *aureus* strain CDC 71 (ATCC<sup>®</sup> 27697<sup>™</sup>) as propagation host.

## GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR THE PROPAGATION OF BACTERIOPHAGE

To titrate phage:

- a. Prepare an actively growing broth culture of the recommended host strain before opening the phage specimen. The host should be 18-24 hours old.
- b. Add approximately 1.0 mL of the recommended broth to a freeze-dried phage vial, 0.5 mL to a liquid cryovial.
- c. Pre-warm plates of the recommended medium in an incubator. Overlay the surface with 2.5 mL of melted 0.5% agar (same medium) which contains one or two drops of the 18-24 hour host. The soft agar should be maintained 43 to 45 °C till ready to pour. It may be advisable to use a water bath. Allow overlay to harden.
- d. The re-hydrated phage can be serially diluted by passing 0.1 mL of the phage into a tube containing 0.9 mL of the broth medium. Repeat for as many passages as desired.
- e. Many strains may also be titrated without a soft-agar overlay. Pipette approximately 1.0 mL of the host onto the surface of each plate. After tilting plate to ensure the entire surface is covered, the excess liquid is aspirated off. After the surface dries, the various dilutions of the phage are dropped onto the surface as before.

NOTE: Spotting the phage on plates makes visualizing the lysis easier. If phage is added directly to soft-agar before pouring plates, hazy or tiny plaques may be difficult to see. Resistant host bacteria may also mask plaque formation.

To propagate phage (agar-overlay method):

- a. Phage may be propagated by preparing plates with the soft-agar/host overlay as above and covering the surface with approximately 0.5 mL of the concentrated phage. Or, alternatively, you may add the phage directly to the melted agar/host before pouring over the plates. For larger amounts, large-size T-flasks can be prepared with the recommended agar, and approximately 12.0 mL of melted soft-agar/host poured over the surface. Phage is then allowed to run over hardened surface. Phage may also be added directly to melted soft-agar before pouring as described above.
- b. After 18 to 24 hours incubation, the soft agar is scraped off the surface of the agar plates. Centrifuge at about 1000 rpm for 25 minutes to sediment the cellular debris and agar. Conserve the supernatant.

- c. This supernatant is passed through a .22 µm Millipore filter and the filtrate stored at 4-8°C. Lysates should remain viable under refrigeration for long periods. They may also be frozen with or without cryoprotectant. If available, liquid nitrogen storage is the best method for long term storage. Most phage can also be freeze-dried. We use double-strength skim milk mixed half-and-half with the filtrate.

NOTE: Broth propagation methods may also be employed with most phage (*see below*). Unless otherwise noted, ATCC uses the Adams agar-overlay method as described in M. H. Adams' Bacteriophages (Interscience Publishers, Inc., New York, 1959) for routine phage production.

For broth propagation:

- a. An overnight broth culture of the above host is aseptically transferred into a flask of the recommended broth so that a 1:100 dilution of the culture is achieved.
- b. To this, add the rehydrated phage. Incubate for 6 hours with shaking.
- c. Harvest, centrifuge, and filter as described above.

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## **Notes**

This phage forms very tiny plaques with marked overgrowth of host at higher dilutions.

Most staphylococcal phages will not produce marked clearing of a broth culture, and a somewhat turbid broth may or may not yield high-titer phage. Phage resistant cells within the flask rapidly reproduce and form a turbid suspension concurrent with active phage liberation by sensitive cells. It is therefore necessary to check the titer and repeat the process if insufficient phage have been produced.

Store filtrate at 4°C. Storage at 20°C may cause inactivation of the phage.

Additional information on this culture is available on the ATCC® web site at [www.atcc.org](http://www.atcc.org).

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## **Material Citation**

If use of this material results in a scientific publication, please cite the material in the following manner: *Staphylococcus aureus* subsp. *aureus* bacteriophage 71 (ATCC 27697-B1)

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## **References**

References and other information relating to this material are available at [www.atcc.org](http://www.atcc.org).

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## **Revision**

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***Staphylococcus aureus* subsp. *aureus* bacteriophage 71**  
27697-B1

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